NAME: $\qquad$ DATE:
MATHS: Area and volume

## Maths

## Area and volume

It is not necessary to carry out all the activities contained in this unit. Please see Teachers' Notes for explanations, additional activities, and tips and suggestions.

| Theme | Area and volume |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All students: <br> Activities that are suitable for Learning Support, Language Support and the Mainstream Subject Class include: | Keywords | 3 |
|  | Vocabulary File | 4-5 |
|  | Completing Sentences | 11 |
|  | Multiple Choice | 12 |
|  | Wordsearch | 15 |
| Learning support and Language support: <br> Activities suitable for students receiving Learning or Language Support include: | Working with words | 6 |
|  | Picture Sentences | 7 |
|  | Odd One Out | 8 |
|  | Maths Keywords | 9 |
|  | Unscramble the letters | 10 |
|  | Alphaboxes | 14 |
|  | Play Snap | 16-19 |
| Language support: <br> Additional activities for Language Support: | Grammar points | 13 |
| Levels for Language Support | A1 - B1 The language level of each activity is indicated in an information box. |  |
| Learning focus | Using Maths textbooks and accessing curriculum content and learning activities. |  |
| Acknowledgement | The English Language Support Programme acknowledges the permission of Gill and Macmillan to reproduce excerpts from Shortcuts to Success. Maths. Junior Certificate Ordinary Level by Mark Halpin. |  |

Note: The categorisation of activities is indicative only and should not prevent teachers from using any activities that are considered suitable for a particular group of students.
$\qquad$ DATE:

## Making the best use of these units

## Learning Record

A copy of the Learning Record should be distributed to each learning support and language support student.
Students should:

1. Write the subject and topic on the record.
2. Tick off/date the different statements as they complete activities.
3. Keep the record in their files along with the work produced for this unit.
4. Use this material to support mainstream subject learning.

Introduction of a topic or activity should ensure that students understand what they are doing and why. Many students will have some difficulty in understanding both the language in the activity and the instructions/purpose for carrying out the activity.

You can create your personal teaching resource by printing these units in full and filing them by subject in a large ring binder.

## Encourage students to:

- Bring the relevant subject textbooks to learning/language support class. It does not matter if they have different textbooks as the activities in these units refer to vocabulary and other items that will be found in all subject textbooks. These units are based on curriculum materials.
- Take some responsibility for their own learning programmes by:


Developing a personal dictionary for different subjects, topics, and other categories of language, on an on-going basis. This prompt is a reminder.


Recording what they have learnt on the Learning

Record, which should be distributed at the start of each unit.

Keeping their own files with good examples of the work produced for different subjects and topics. This file will be an invaluable learning resource in supporting mainstream learning.

Indicates that answers may be found at the end of the unit.

Don't forget that many of the activities in these units are also suitable as homework tasks or for self-study.

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## Keywords

The list of keywords for this unit is as follows:

| Nouns <br> answer <br> arc | values |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| area | volume (vol) | important <br> manageable |
| block | width | paving <br> bex <br> centimetres (cm) <br> circle |
| circumference | Verbs | rectangular |
| container | to add | total |

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## Vocabulary file 1

| Word | Meaning | Note or example* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| fill |  |  |
| calculate |  |  |
| volume |  |  |
| surface |  |  |
| cube |  |  |
| height |  |  |
| semicircle |  |  |

*You may wish to write a sentence or phrase, make a note of the page in your textbook where this word appears or, if English is not your first language, provide a translation into your language.
 so you can use it in the future.
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## Vocabulary file 2

| Word | Meaning | Note or example |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| circumference |  |  |
| dimension |  |  |
| sphere |  |  |
| formula |  |  |
| width |  |  |
| curve |  |  |
| radius |  |  |


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MATHS: Area and volume
Language Level: A1
Type of activity: pairs or individual
Suggested time: 15 minutes

## Working with words

1. Match the shapes to the names.

a) rectangle
b) square
c) parallelogram

d) triangle

2. Tick the best answer. In maths, area is
a. the size of a flat surface
b. the place where you live
c. a place where there are theatres
3. Tick the best answer.

In maths perimeter is
a. the height of a place
b. the distance around the edges
c. the length of a place

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Language Level: A1/A2
Type of activity: pairs or individual Suggested time: 30 minutes


## Picture Sentences

1. Match the name to the shape.
a) sphere
b) cylinder
c) cube

2. Put these words in the correct order to form sentences.
a rule mathematical is formula a

$$
x=\text { length area width }
$$

area rectangle the of each find
each the of square perimeter find
each triangles find the of of the following area

NAME: $\qquad$ DATE: $\qquad$
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Language Level: A1 / A2
Type of activity: pairs or individual
Suggested time: 20 minutes

## Odd One Out

1. Circle the word which does not fit with the other words in each line.
Example: apple orange banana taxi

| centimetres | cylinder | fire | volume |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| length | blue | height | width |
| car | parallelogram | rectangle | triangle |
| hemisphere | circle | sphere | rain |

2. Find these words in your textbook. Then put them in short sentences in your own words. Use a dictionary if necessary.
to substitute
to subtract
to show
to measure
to remain


Check that these key words are in your personal dictionary.

NAME: $\qquad$ DATE: $\qquad$
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Language Level: A2 / B1
Type of activity: individual Suggested time: 20 minutes

## Maths Keywords

1. Fill in the missing letters of the keywords listed below.

On the line beside each word, write whether the word is a noun, an adjective or a verb.
fo__ula
rec__ng__ar
sem__ir_le $\qquad$
rem__ni_g $\qquad$
2. Write as many words as possible related to area and volume / this unit. You have 3 minutes!

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MATHS: Area and volume

## Language Level: A1 / A2

Type of activity: pairs or individual


Suggested time: 20 minutes

## Unscramble the letters

1). A shape with four straight sides, two longer than the others CARELNGET

## Answer

$\qquad$
1). The outside part or top layer of something ACSREUF

## Answer

$\qquad$
1). A straight line from the centre to the edge of a circle DIRSUA

## Answer

$\qquad$
1). Work something out mathematically

## Answer

$\qquad$


## Solve the secret code

| English $=$ | A | C | D | E | I | L | N | R | S | U | V | Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Code $=$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{X}$ | Y | F | G | $\mathbf{Q}$ | K | O | P | H | M | W |

example: (code) YOGMF = DRIVE (English)
XWQGKYFOP BOF XHOMFY =

NAME: $\qquad$ DATE: $\qquad$
MATHS: Area and volume
Language Level: A2/B1
Type of activity: pairs or individual
Suggested time: 30 minutes

## Completing sentences

1. Fill in the blanks in these sentences. Use words from the Word Box below.

When we are asked to calculate the $\qquad$ or area of an object 'in terms of $\pi^{\prime}$ :
(1) $\qquad$ out the formula for all values except $\pi$. Do not substitute 3.14 or

22/7 for $\pi$.
(2) Your final answer will therefore include $\pi$.

## Example

A cylinder has a $\qquad$ of 8 cm and a height of 12 cm .
$\qquad$ :
(i) The volume of the cylinder in terms of $\pi$.
(ii) The total surface $\qquad$ in terms of $\pi$.

| radius calculate fill $\quad$ volume area |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

2. Fill in the blanks in these instructions. Use words from the word box below.

- Find, in metres, the length of the $\qquad$ of the field.
- Find, in $\mathrm{m}^{2}$, the $\qquad$ of the field.
- Calculate, in cm , the $\qquad$ of the radius of the wheel.
- $\qquad$ the length of the arc.
- $\qquad$ a diagram, and let $b=$ the breadth.
area draw calculate perimeter length

NAME: $\qquad$ DATE: $\qquad$
MATHS: Area and volume

Language Level: A2 / B1
Type of activity: individual
Suggested time: 30 minutes

## Multiple Choice

## Read the text below and choose the best answers.

In the following example, the diagram is very important. Read the notes which accompany the question carefully and this type of question will be very manageable.

## Example 1

Three spheres of radius 6 cm are packed into a cylinder. Calculate:
(i) The volume of the cylinder.
(ii) The volume of empty space in the cylinder. (let $\pi=3.14)$

Dimensions of the cylinder
*Please remember that the radius of each sphere is 6 cm , so diameter is 12 cm .
*Radius of cylinder = radius of sphere
(i) Volume of cylinder $=\pi r^{2} h$
$=3.14 \times 6 \times 6 \times 36$
$=4069.44 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
(ii) Volume of sphere $=4 / 3 \pi r^{3}$
$=(4 / 3) \times 3.14 \times 6 \times 6 \times 6$
$=904.32 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
$\rightarrow$ Volume of 3 spheres $=904.32 \times 3$
$=2712.96 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
Volume of empty space $=$ Volume of cylinder - Volume of spheres
Vol. of empty space $=4069.44-2712.96$
$=1356.48 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$

1. What accompanies the question in this text?
a) spheres
b) money
c) nothing
d) notes
2. What are the three spheres packed into?
a) a cylinder
b) empty space
c) a radius
d) dimensions
3. What is the diameter of each sphere?
a) three
b) $\pi$
c) 12 cm
d) 6 cm
4. Should the radius of a cylinder be the same as the radius of a sphere?
a) Yes
b) $\quad \mathrm{No}$
5). Should you subtract the volume of spheres from the volume of cylinder?
a) Yes
b) $\quad \mathrm{No}$

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MATHS: Area and volume
Language Level: A2/B1
Type of activity: individual and pairs
Suggested time: 30 minutes


## Vocabulary building

1. Adjectives to nouns
a) Notice the changes to the adjective when it becomes a noun:

How wide is the garden?
What is the width of the garden?
b) Write out the nouns for the following adjectives. Check the spellings in a dictionary.

| wide $\rightarrow$ | long $\rightarrow$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| high $\rightarrow$ | broad $\rightarrow$ |

c) Read these sentences from your text book and decide which of the words from b) would fit in the blanks.

- The area of a rectangle is $250 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. If it length is 40 cm , calculate its
- The area of a triangle is $150 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. If its base is 25 cm , calculate its perpendicular $\qquad$ .
- Area of a lawn = $\qquad$ $x$ $\qquad$ .

2. Nouns to adjectives.

How would you describe the shape above?
It is a triangle, but the shape is triangular. Change the following nouns to adjectives.

```
circle }
rectangle }
cylinder }
square }
```

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## Vocabulary building (continued)

3. Circle the 10 nouns in these columns. Score 4 points for each correct answer. Who will score the highest? Perhaps you will. Good luck! remaining space
circle
packed rectangle
triangle
perpendicular
radius
centimetres
let
let
arc
empty
rectangular
emp
emptied
sphere
surface
width
fill
cylindrical
calculate

Score: $\qquad$ points
4. Now it's your turn. Go to your maths textbook and the unit on area and volume. Rewrite six instructions, leaving out either nouns or adjectives.
Leave a blank space where these words should be. Give these sentences to another student to fill in, and then correct one another's work.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
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## Alphaboxes

Using your textbook, find one word beginning with each of the letters of the alphabet. Write the word in the relevant box. You could also write the word in your own language.

| a | b | c |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| d | e | f |
| g | h |  |
| j | k | i |
| m |  |  |
| p | $n$ | 0 |
| s | w |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

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## Word Search

Find the words in the box below.


| ARC | CYLINDER | RADIUS | TRACK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AREA | FORMULA | RECTANGLE | YOLUME |
| CENTMMETRES | HEIGHT | SEMICIRCLE | WIDTH |
| CIRCLE | HEMISPHERE | SPHERE |  |
| CIRCUMFERENCE | LENGTH | SURFACE |  |
| CUBE | PARALLELOGRAM | TANK |  |

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## Play Snap

Make Snap cards with 2 sets of the same keywords. See Notes for teachers for ideas about how to use the cards.
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formula
surface
surface
$\qquad$ DATE: $\qquad$
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## Answer key

Working with words, page 6

1. Square, triangle, parallelogram circle, rectangle
2. Area is the size of a flat surface.

Perimeter is the distance around the edges.

## Picture Sentences, page 7

Cylinder, cube, sphere
A formula is a mathematical rule.
Find the area of each rectangle.
Find the perimeter of each square.
Find the area of each of the following triangles.
Odd one out, page 8
Fire, blue, car, rain
Key words, page 9
Formula (noun), rectangular (adjective), semicircle (noun), remaining (verb or adjective)

Unscramble the letters, page 10
Rectangle, surface, radius, calculate
Secret code: cylinders are curved

## Completing Sentences, page 11

1. When we are asked to calculate the volume or area of an object 'in terms of $\pi^{\prime}$ :
(1) Fill out the formula for all values except $\pi$. Do not substitute 3.14 or $22 / 7$ for $\pi$.
(2) Your final answer will therefore include $\pi$.

Example
A cylinder has a radius of 8 cm and a height of 12 cm .
Calculate:
(i) The volume of the cylinder in terms of $\pi$.
(ii) The total surface area in terms of $\pi$.
2.

- Find, in metres, the length of the perimeter of the field.

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- Find, in $m^{2}$, the area of the field.
- Calculate, in cm , the length of the radius of the wheel.
- Calculate the length of the arc.
- Draw a diagram, and let $b=$ the breadth.

Multiple choice, page 12
$1 d, 2 a, 3 c, 4 a, 5 a$

Vocabulary building, page 13

1. b) Wide - width, long - length, high - height, broad - breadth
2. c)

- The area of a rectangle is $250 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. If it length is 40 cm , calculate its breadth.
- The area of a triangle is $150 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. If its base is 25 cm , calculate its perpendicular height.
- Area of a lawn $=$ length $\times$ width.

2. circle - circular, rectangle - rectangular, cylinder - cylindrical, square - square

Vocabulary building, page 14
2. Nouns: circle, centimetres, arc, sphere, width, space, rectangle, triagle, radius, surface.
$\qquad$
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Word Search:

| NML | HXS |
| :---: | :---: |
| GIWCLQ | ABMMLZ |
| B VYWI DTHK | LOPI J MDQH |
| JRADIUSXS | HQVZTP $\times$ X S |
| EMXDPAZEDE | LENGTHTJTB |
| VOLUMEYHQP | DQQOTANKPJ |
| $V \times R E C T A N G L E$ YHEMISPHERE |  |
| NITRUSEMICIRCLEBWVBYSV PTVDNUDENBNPSPHEREUS |  |
|  |  |
| GSDCCIRCLEQINID |  |
| FCD | HRDJGZ |
| CYLINDERTRACK |  |
| WBPGJLDXXNXJXFZ |  |
| KCIRCUMFERENCEII WP T |  |
| ATCENTIMETRESHXQVVBIL |  |
| KDEDVHFORMULAGKKCRYMI |  |
| ZOGZKAPARALLELOGRAMVOZD |  |
| $V Q C U B E Q U V C G L O Z T H E I G H T$ |  |
| OYSURFACE QAR EVEZAREAR |  |
| ZGTWARCD YCJ GDCDVKGD |  |
| GDAUNXY TQD LXVFKMN |  |
| PBRED GCK YGLJ |  |
| J I H | LIR HPE |
|  | K J P |
|  | MOL |

